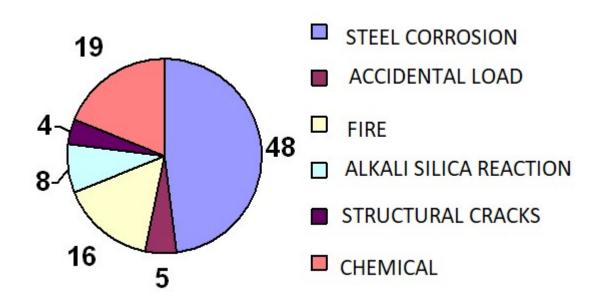


### **CHALLENGES & NEEDS OF A MODERN DAY TECHNOLOGY**

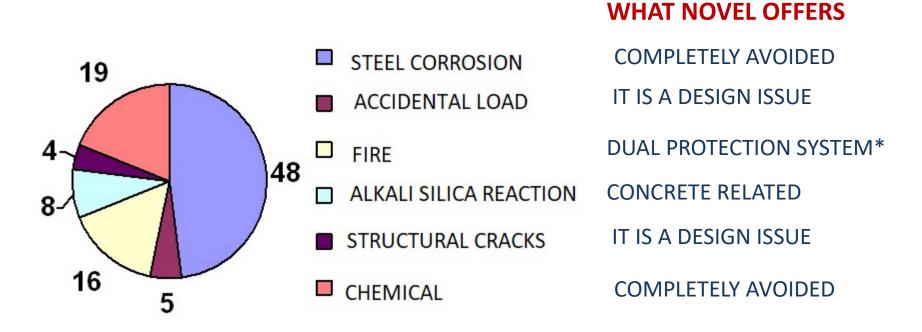


CONCRETE & STEEL ARE PRONE TO DURABILITY ISSUES AND OFTEN COSTS TO REPIAR ARE PROHIBITIVE

AS SHOWN HERE CORROSION IS THE BIGGEST ENEMY

HENCE, IT IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE MODERN TECHNOLOGY TO BE SELF PROTECTIVE & GREEN

## **NOVEL WALL TECHNOLGY**



- •Fire is first resisted by Polymer and exposure of concrete to fire id delayed.
- •100mm concrete walls showed more than 2hrs fire rating

### **Parameters**

Polymer stability against UV/ Infra

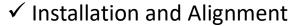
As/ ASTM & Canada standards

Fire

Approved as per American/ Canada Australia, Japan & other countries

Material has been in use for over 35 years under dramatically different exposure conditions





- ✓ Rebar placement
- ✓ Concreting
- ✓ No of workers not more than 3-4 workers/ day

Max 2-3 days time per floor

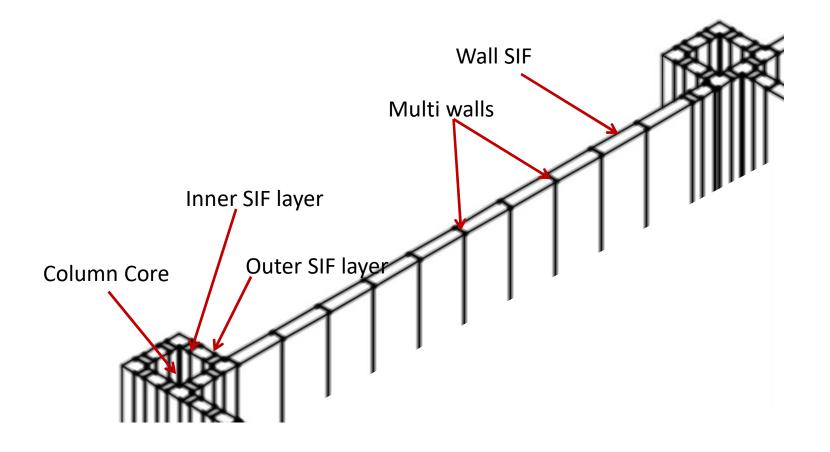
"No Curing Required as there is no exposed surface"



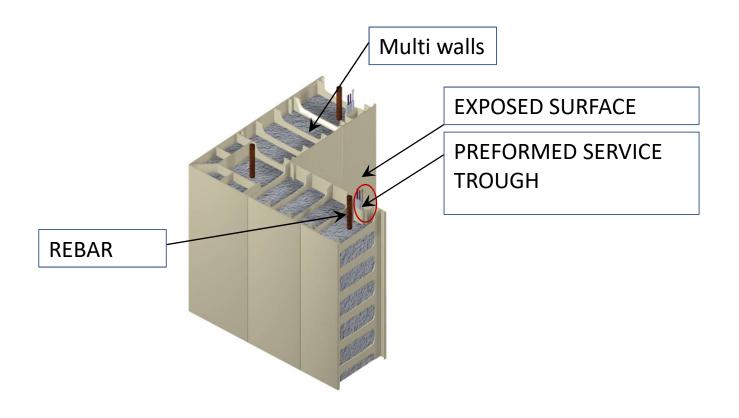
### **CONVENTIONAL SHEAR WALL**

- ✓ Rebar placement
- ✓ Shuttering Installation & alignment
- ✓ Rebar cleaning
- ✓ Concreting
- ✓ Curing
- ✓ De-erection & shuttering cleaning
- ✓ Surface preparation & Plastering
- ✓ Painting

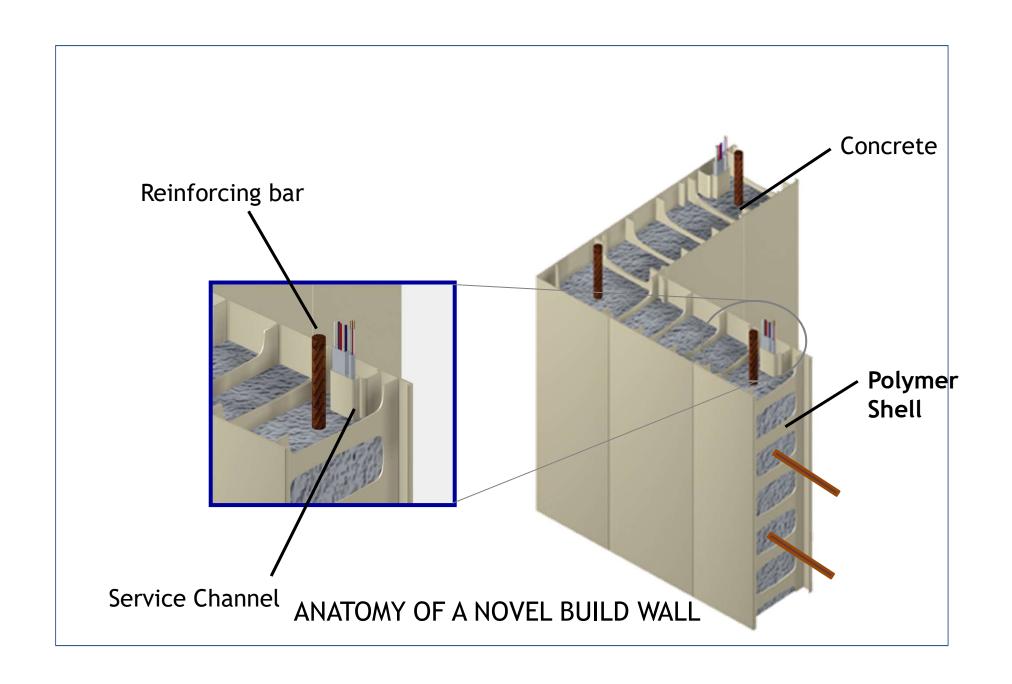
Min 7-10 days for walls & 21 days or more for other operations. Demands large number of skilled work force & tools



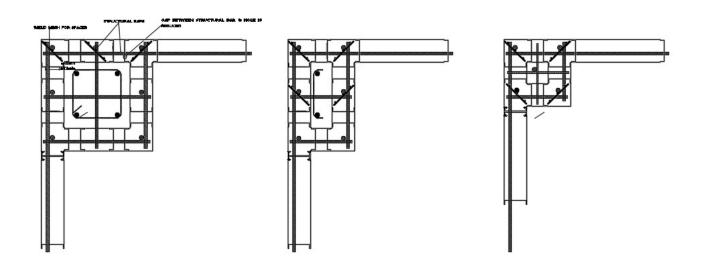
## **TYPICAL WALL VIEW**

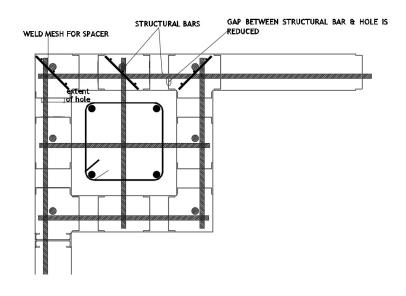


## **TYPICAL WALL VIEW**



### **OPTIONS OF NOVEL COLUMNS**





From fire point of view, as the columns are "Column in Column", inner column is well protected from fire

## **Is SIF Technology Safe Against**

a).	<b>Gravity Loads</b>	<b>Tested in many countries</b>	
b).	Lateral loads- Seismic	Tested in many countries*	
c).	Lateral Loads – Cyclone	<b>Tested in many countries</b>	
d).	Fire	<b>Tested in many countries</b>	
e).	Blast US Arn	US Army is one of the major users	
f).	Nature Time to	Time tested for more than 35years	

<sup>\*</sup> Importantly, Japan Govt approved this for seismic resistant housing.

# REASONS FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE OF POLYMER WALLS

- a). Polymer is an elastic-plastic material and not a plastic response material
- b). Thickness of the wall is arrived based on confinement needed from concrete (typically, lateral pressure from concrete is 1.5 to 3 Mpa
- c). Multiwalls reduce cracks in concrete besides controlling micro cracks unlike conventional shear walls orm of ties/ stirrups
- d). Resilience is imparted by the finer displacement possibility of successive units

### **WALL DESIGN BASICS**

As "Stay In Form " is a overlay and confining material, walls are designed as conventional shear walls. SIF is bound to improve structural performance

Hence designs will comply with the principles of respective codes including Indian Codes

## "CSF" WALL SYSTEM

PROTECTION & DURABILITY TO CONCRETE FOR LIFE

Rigid Polymer is weather Resistant

Rigid Polymer is Fire rated Technology

Easy & Fast

"NOVEL BUILD" WALL TECHNOLOGY

**"**0"

Maintenance Cost Construction,
Savings in
associated
works

IMPROVES
CONCRETE
CONFINEMENT
& LONGTERM
PERFORMANCE

"CSF" WALL SYSTEM

CONVENTIONAL SHEAR WALL

ACCURACY OF CONSTRUCTION SYSTEM

One stage control ensures deserving accuracy

Multi step and multi stage controls are essential

CONCRETE SPECIFIC DEMANDS

Self compacting Concrete ensures high levels of compaction

Normal concrete is used and high degree of site controls mandatory

WALL FINISH (Plastering & painting)

No need as it is self finished

Essential and long term performance is highly dependent on quality controls

PERIODIC MAITENANCE

Virtually Zero

Maintenance demands increase exponentially with the age of the building

"CSF" WALL SYSTEM

CONVENTIONAL SHEAR WALL

**TECHNOLOGY** 

Confined & Protected Shear wall Technology- A Unique & highly desirable Feature

Artificially confined wall system

STRUCTURAL
PERFORMANCE (Gravity,
wind and earthquakes)

Confinement improves all round performance

Subjective performance for specific demands

DURABILITY (Resistance to weather and Environment)

Naturally Resistant against known adversities & unaffected by ground chemicals

Naturally sensitive to control of construction, weather conditions etc. Requires extensive periodic maintenance

FIRE (Structural walls require 2 hr fire rating )

Dual Fire resistance system a). SIF system and b). Less exposed Concrete due to SIF

Fire protection is sensitive to quality of construction despite proven fire rating

#### WALL CONSTRUCTION

### a). Wall Erection and casting

- 1. Double legged scaffolding is erected from inside on all sides. Top of scaffolding will receive precast slab panels
- 2. From scaffolding, small length adjustable clamps are provided to maintain wall alignment at top. This will ensure verticality of wall. At base, MS angles are provided on either side to maintain position.
- 3. Wall concreting is done using Funnel arrangement
- 4. Self compacting concrete to ensure proper flow till bottom Use 10mm down graded aggregate is required. ¼ bag mechanically operated mixed may alse be used. It will be carried on to floors

### b). Services

1. Provision for services – such as electrical boxes etc.

# ADVANTAGES OF INTEGRATING "CSW" WALL WITH "PRECAST FLOORS"

Precast Slabs (such as stone slab technology etc.) have least on site operations and virtually ready to use

Offers Fastest time cycle between successive floor constructions

Long lasting Performance as stone is aged and naturally durable

Avoids common problems associated with conventional slab and water floor systems

Stone offer highly hygienic surface at highly affordable costs

Cost Effective by min 20% compared conventional systems & associated works

## **Time Cycle**

CSF WALL +CSS FLOOR CONVENTIONAL
SHEAR WALL+ CONV
SLAB

Each level Wall Erection & Casting

2-3 days

Min 7 days

Floor erection and casting

1-2 days with Composite stone slab system

7-15 Days cycle

Finishes

1 day (optional)

21 days or more